# Nuclear Energy University Programs (NEUP) Fiscal Year (FY) 2015 Annual Planning Webinar

Mission Supporting Transformative Research Reactor Concepts RD&D (MS-RC1)

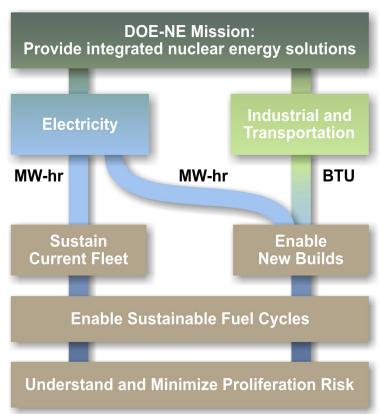
**Tom Sowinski** 

August 2014



# Office of Nuclear Energy Roadmap R&D Objectives

- Develop technologies and other solutions that can improve the reliability, sustain the safety, and extend the life of current reactors
- Develop improvements in the affordability of new reactors to enable nuclear energy to help meet the Administration's energy security and climate change goals
- Develop sustainable nuclear fuel cycles
- Develop capabilities to reduce the risks of nuclear proliferation and terrorism





#### Office of Nuclear Reactor Technologies

- Mission: Keep current fleet operating safely and develop new nuclear technologies for deployment
  - Promote technologies that have greatest promise to enable new nuclear power
  - Conduct R&D to maintain safe operation of existing fleet
  - Honor commitments to other Federal agencies, International partners and universities
  - Maintain unique capabilities and facilities to support future USG policy decisions and industry needs
  - Explore new high-risk, high-reward technologies
- NE- 7 consists of three Offices:
  - NE-72: Light Water Reactor Technologies Rebecca Smith-Kevern
  - NE-74: Advanced Reactor Technologies (ART) Tom O' Connor
  - NE-75: Space and Defense Power Systems Alice Caponiti
- Research activities are designed to address technical, cost, safety, and security issues associated with various reactor concepts



#### Reactor Concepts Portfolio

Office of Science and Technology Innovation NE-4

Office of Fuel Cycle Technologies NE-5 Deputy Assistant Secretary for Nuclear Reactor Technologies NE-7

Light Water Reactor Technologies

- LWRS
- SMR LTS

Advanced Reactor Technologies

- Fast Reactor Technologies
- High Temperature Reactor Technologies
- Advanced Reactor Generic Technologies
- Advanced Reactor Licensing Framework
- Advanced Reactor System Studies

Space and Defense Power Systems



#### **ART Focus Areas**

#### **Nuclear Energy**

#### Fast Reactor Technologies

- For actinide management and electricity production
- Current focus on sodium coolant

#### High Temperature Reactor Technologies

- For electricity and process heat production
- Current focus on gas- and liquid salt-cooled systems

#### Advanced Reactor Generic Technologies

 Common design needs for advanced materials, energy conversion, decay heat removal systems and modeling methods

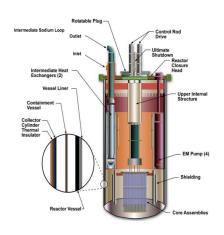
#### Advanced Reactor Regulatory Framework

 Development of licensing requirements for advanced reactors

#### Advanced Reactor System Studies

 Analyses of capital, operations and fuel costs for advanced reactor types







#### **ART Research Questions**

## Working to address several high level questions to advanced reactor development and deployment:

- How can we improve affordability of nuclear power?
- How can we improve inherent safety of advanced nuclear reactors?
- How can we improve proliferation resistance of advanced reactors?
- How can we address nuclear waste through advanced fuel cycle options?
- How can we expand into non-traditional nuclear energy markets?
- How can we increase performance and efficiency through new materials, advanced systems or components?



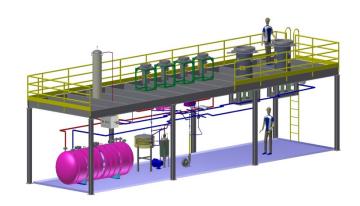
#### Fast Reactor Technologies

#### Concept Development and Technology Maturation

- Assessments to guide innovative R&D
- Conduct of small-scale sodium fast reactor component testing at Materials Engineering Testing Laboratory (METL)

#### Advanced Materials

 Intermediate term testing of two candidate alloys currently in progress



#### Advanced Energy Conversion Interface System

Sodium to Supercritical CO2 Interaction loop at ANL

#### Safety and Risk Reduction

- Licensing aspects
- Capital Cost Risk Reduction (International Collaborations and Industry Partnerships)

#### Ultrasonic Viewing Technology

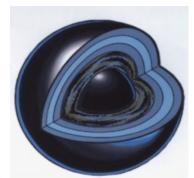
Key for under-sodium inspection



# High Temp Reactor Technologies High Temp Gas Reactor (HTGR)

#### Fuel Qualification

- Ongoing work to establish licensing basis for coated particle fuel (TRISO) and commercial fabrication capability
- Accident testing performed at 1600°C, 1700°C and 1800°C with no failures



#### Passive Decay Heat Removal Modeling

- Natural Convection Shutdown Heat Removal Test Facility (NSTF) at ANL evaluates ex-vessel passive decay heat removal system performance
- High Temperature Test Facility (HTTF) at Oregon State University Will verify and validate thermal fluids modeling programs from fuel to pressure vessel wall

#### Materials

- High temperature materials
- Graphite





# High Temp Reactor Technologies Fluoride High Temp Reactor (FHR)

## ■ FHR R&D primarily funded through an Integrated Research Project (IRP)

- IRP awarded in 2011 to a team from Massachusetts Institute of Technology, University of California, Berkeley, and the University of Wisconsin

 Proposals were solicited in 2014 for an IRP to investigate key technology and design challenges associated with FHRs

#### International Collaboration

- Collaborations with China on their FHR test reactor activities
- Shipped 75kg of salt to Czech republic to support their test program





## Mission Supporting Reactor Concepts Work Scope Description (MS-RC1)

REACTOR CONCEPTS RD&D (MS-RC1) (FEDERAL POC – TOM SOWINSKI, TECHNICAL POC – BOB HILL)

Development of new reactor concepts that may offer the potential for *revolutionary improvements to reactor performance and/or safety* is sought. Such advanced reactor concepts could include:

- Incorporation of advanced systems or components into existing concepts (e.g. Generation-IV systems such as the gas fast reactor, molten salt reactor or lead fast reactor)
- Inclusion of innovative design alternatives (e.g., new fuel type, nano-engineered coolants, etc.)
- Designs employing radically different technology options (e.g., advanced coolants, fuel, or operational regimes).
- Reactors with unique capabilities to address operational missions other than the delivery of base load electric power, such as industrial process heat or mobile reactors that can provide temporary power during emergency situations.

The scope of the proposed project should include an assessment of the concept's technical viability, a detailed technology gap analysis and a comprehensive technology development roadmap that identifies research needed on key feasibility issues.



#### FY 2015 MS-RC1 Summary

#### A variety of reactor technologies are being pursued in the current DOE-NE R&D portfolio

- High temperature gas-cooled and sodium-cooled reactors
- Liquid salt reactors via FY 2011 IRP and FY 2014 IRP
- Different technologies reviewed by Technical Review Panel <a href="http://energy.gov/ne/downloads/advanced-reactor-concepts-technical-review-panel-report">http://energy.gov/ne/downloads/advanced-reactor-concepts-technical-review-panel-report</a>

#### MS-RC1 scope includes

- Major innovations to advanced reactors concepts
  - Advanced systems or components
  - New fuel types or engineered coolants
- Radically different (new) technology options
  - Innovative operating regimes
  - Unique capabilities other than base-load electric production





#### Recent MS-RC1 Awards

#### **FY13**

- Feasibility study of breed and burn pebble-bed metal cooled reactor offering a significant increase in the uranium ore utilization versus contemporary light water reactors without need for fuel reprocessing and recycling.
- Tritium mitigation and control systems for FHRs.

#### FY12

- Fuel and Core Design Options to Overcome the Heavy Metal Loading Limit and Improve Performance and Safety of Liquid Salt Cooled Reactors
- Stationary Liquid Fuel Fast Reactor Concept for TRU Burning
- ABR for TRU Transmutation with Breed & Burn Thorium Blanket for Improved Economics and Resource Utilization

#### **FY11**

- Feasibility and Safety Assessment for Advanced Reactor Concepts using Vented Fuel
- Transient Safety Analysis of Fast Spectrum TRU Burning LWR with Internal Blankets



### **Questions?**